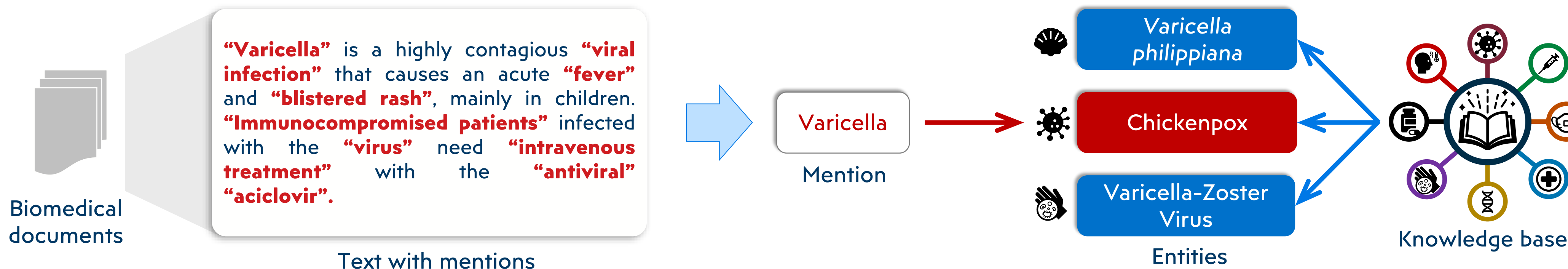


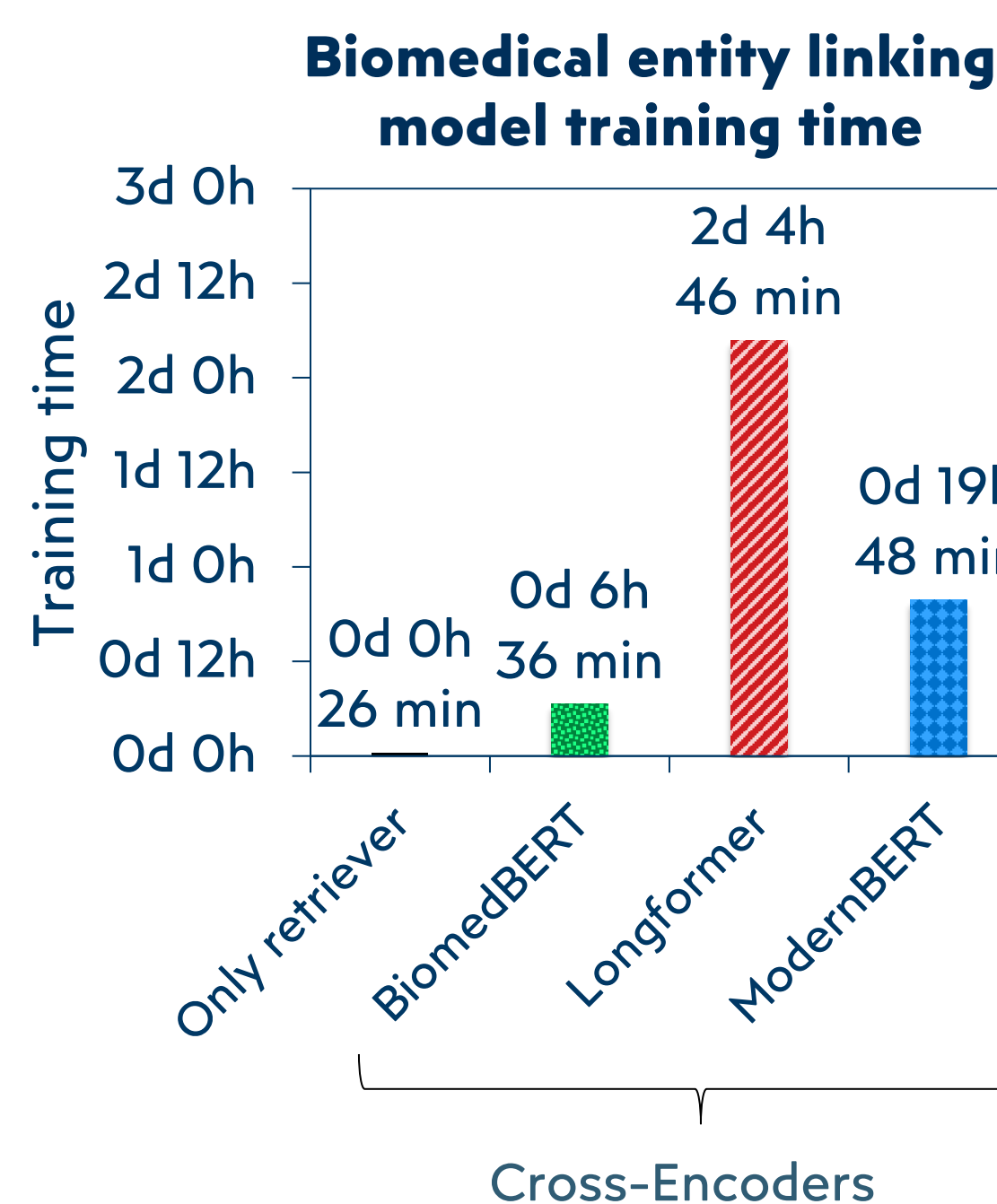
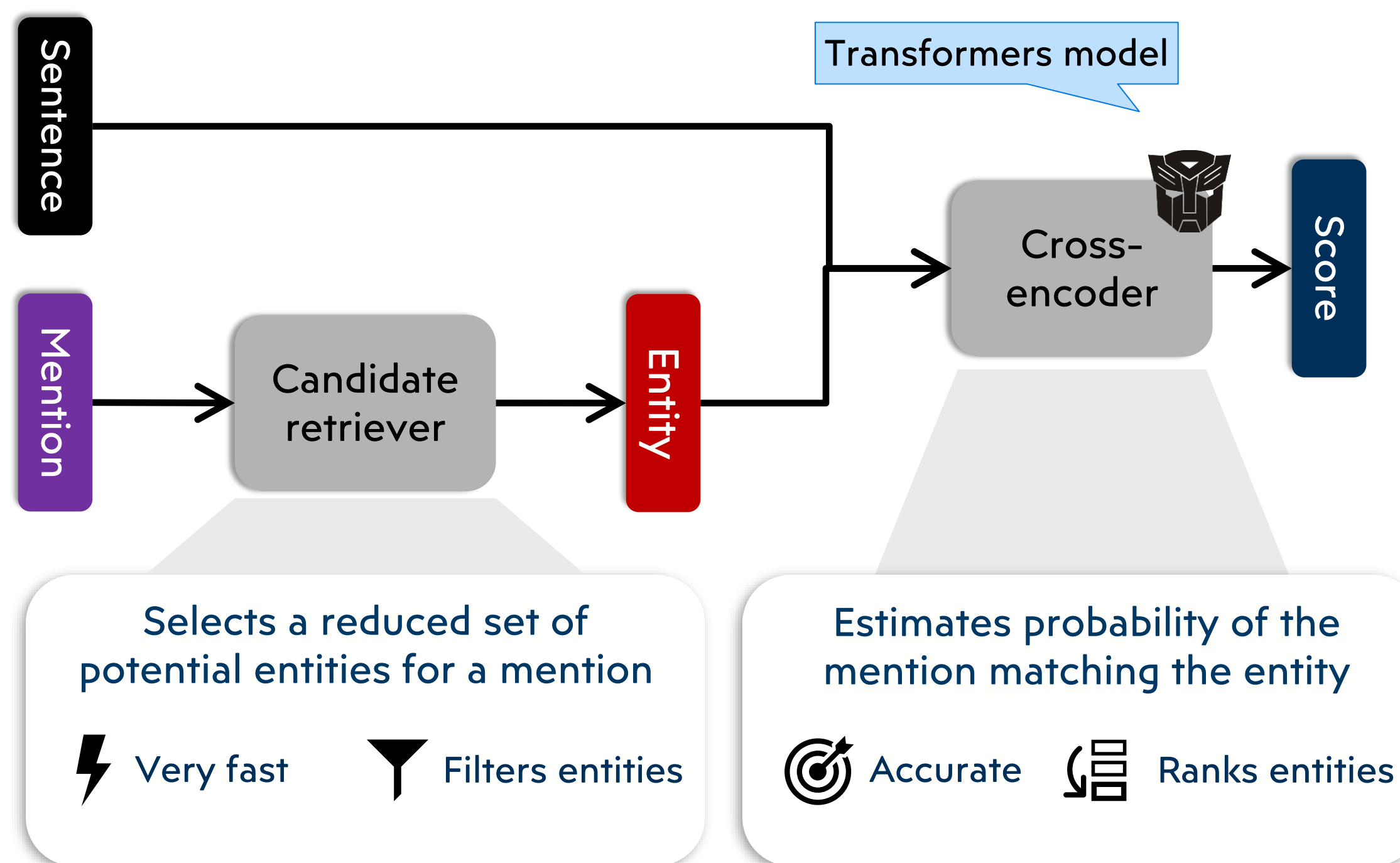


Biomedical entity linking matches **mentions** of biomedical concepts (diseases, chemicals) in text with unique **entities** within a knowledge base



Cross-encoders are effective solutions for biomedical entity linking

But very slow!



Cross-encoders take from 6 hours to 2 days to train

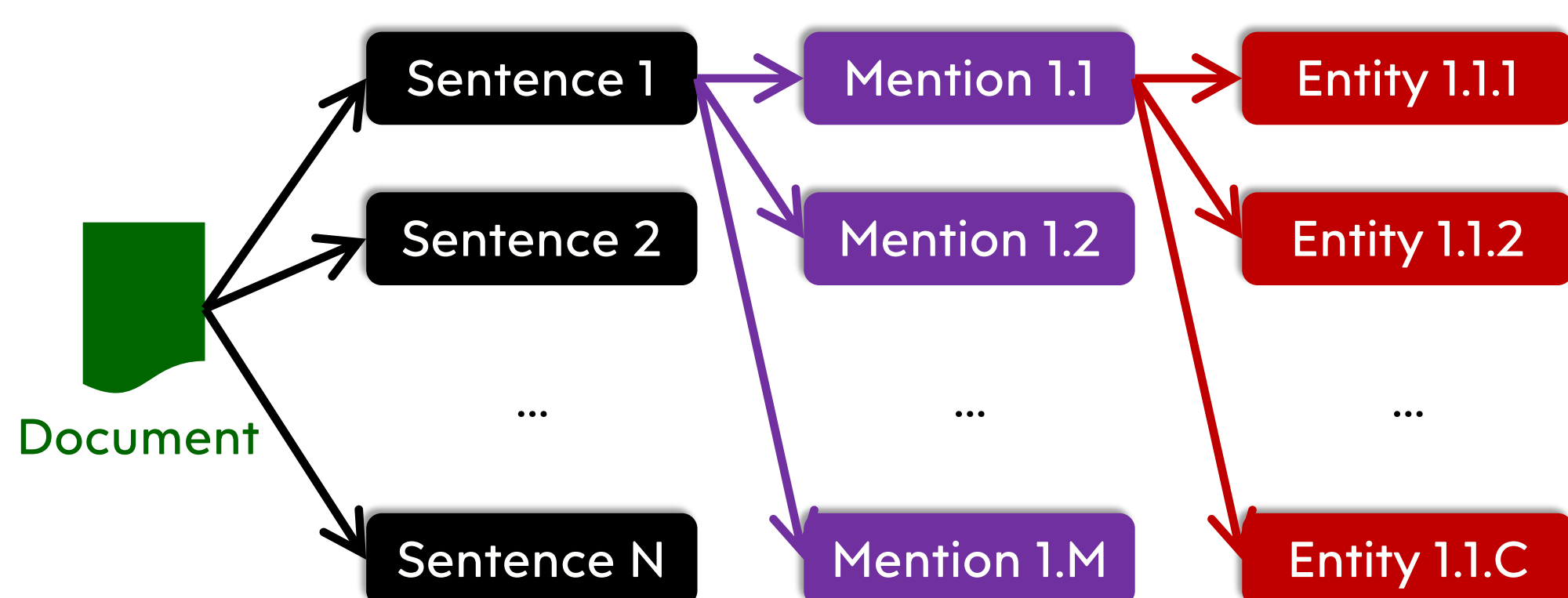
That's between 15-120 times more than the retriever!

Similar patterns occur during inference

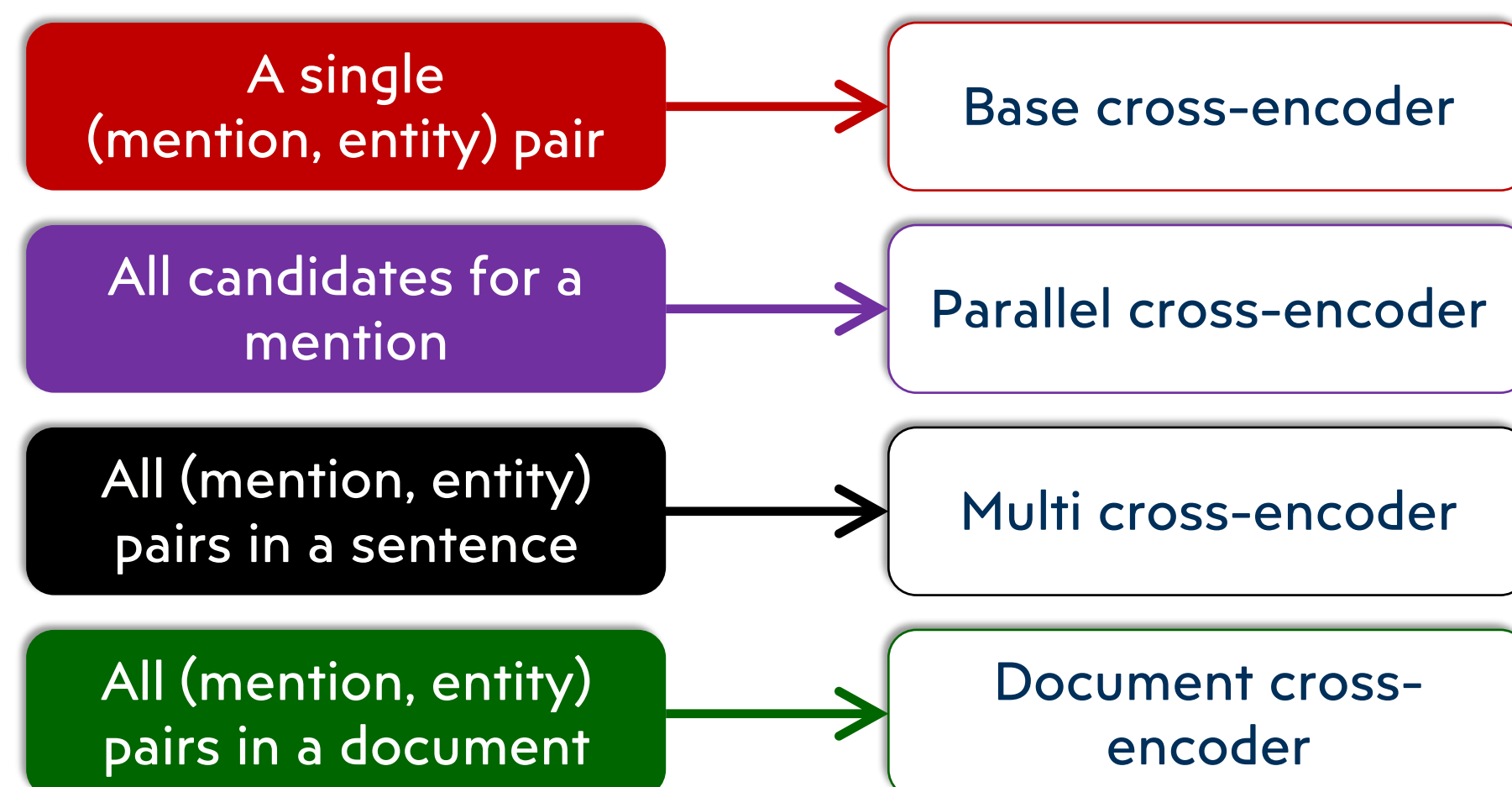
Can we accelerate cross-encoders without losing accuracy?

Every time we use the cross-encoder, we only provide as input a single (mention, entity) pair

What if we show multiple (mention, entity) pairs simultaneously to the cross-encoder?

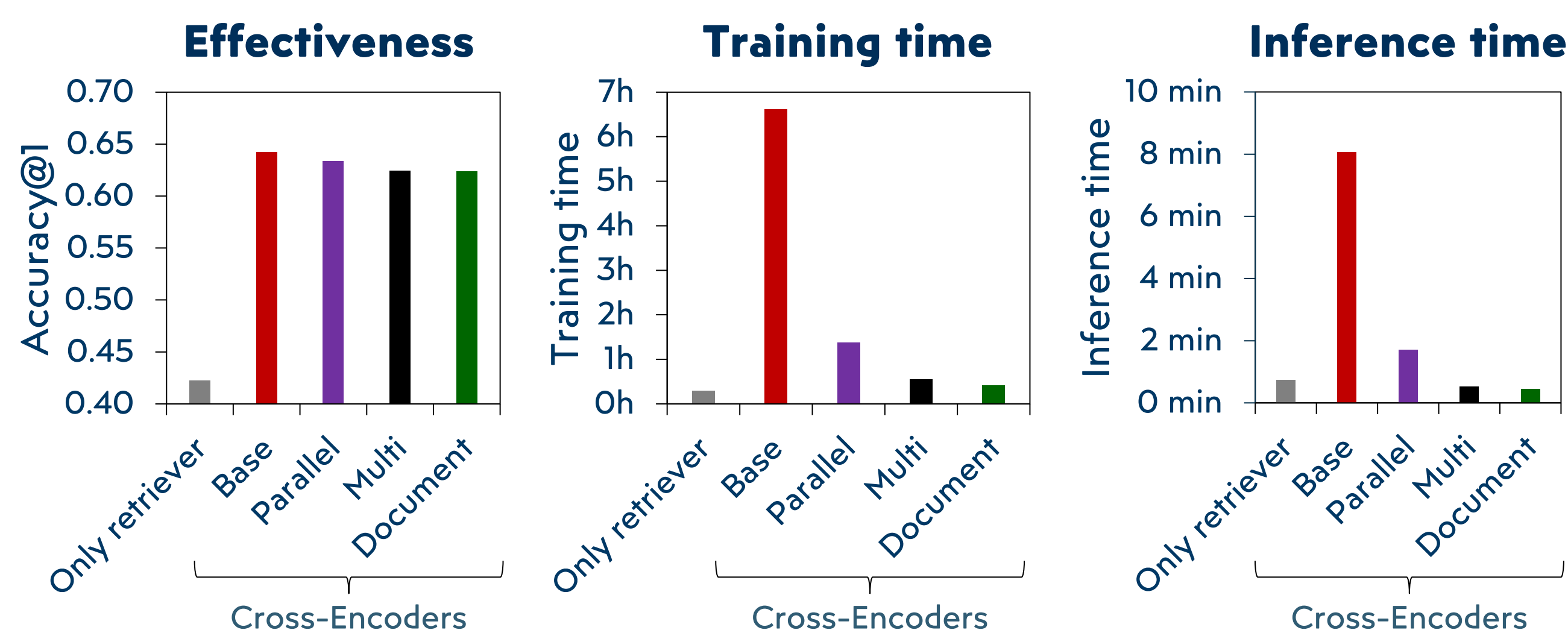


We are calling a cross-encoder multiple times for (a) the same mention, (b) the same sentence and (c) the same document



Experiment

We evaluate the different BiomedBERT cross-encoders on the Medmentions dataset (more datasets and Transformers models in the paper)



Conclusions

Processing more (mention, entity) pairs simultaneously has the following effects

Small variations on accuracy
-3.42 to 2.76% differences with base model

Major improvements in training speed
2.68x – 36.97x faster training than base model

Major improvements in inference speed
3.8x – 26.47x faster inference than base model

Our solution is suitable on environments where speed is crucial