

FAR-Trans

An Investment Dataset for Financial Asset Recommendation

Dr. Richard McCreadie IJCAI - 29/07/24





Acknowledgements



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Financial Recommender Research has a problem...



The Pursuit of Profitability

- If we look at other recommender system fields, the goal is to find items that the customer will like
 - 'Find me movies I would enjoy watching'
 - 'Recommend me clothing that I would like to wear'
 - 'Suggest a tasty dish to make tonight'
- ... but in finance, most solutions are customer (investor) agnostic; all customers will be recommended the same assets, regardless of preferences or circumstances
- This is because these solutions optimise for asset profitability only
 - > There are many reasons for this...
 - Surely the investor's goal is to make money
 - Profitability is 'easy' to measure
 - I don't have real customers to learn from



Why is profitability **not enough**?





PROFITABILITY DOES NOT CORRELATE WITH USER PREFERENCES LEGALLY, COMPANIES ARE REQUIRED TO KNOW YOUR CUSTOMER (KYC)

MOST OF THE 'NEW' USE CASES, SUCH AS AI-BASED ASSISTANTS NEED TO PERSONALISE

But if we want to go beyond profitability, we encounter...



The Data Gap

What should a FinRecSys dataset contain?



• If we think a bit about what we would want ideally in a financial recommender dataset, at its core we need to have information about assets (to recommend) and customers (looking to invest)



The Data Gap



- Currently, it is very difficult to undertake any meaningful research into personalised financial recommendation unless you are based in a company with real customers
- This is because companies are actively disincentivised from releasing their data:
 - > Concerns over customer data privacy and legal implications
 - > The data potentially has commercial value
 - > Data is often licenced, and so its unclear what can be shared with third parties
 - > The data is usually not in a 'clean' form that is ready to be analysed and so work would be needed
 - > What would the company get from doing so?

As a result, up till now, no such dataset existed

The closest the community has is a 2011-13 dataset from ObjectWay Financial Software, but this lacks the item information [1]

[1] Musto et al. *Financial product recommendation through case-based reasoning and diversification techniques.* In Poster Proceedings of the 8th ACM Conference on Recommender Systems (RecSys 2014)

Introducing FAR-Trans

FAR-Trans

- FAR-Trans is a **new public dataset** that aims to fill (some) of this data gap, which provides
 - Financial asset information (primarily European assets)
 - Real customer investment data from a national European bank



Dataset Period: January 2018 to November 2022 (~5 years)

Assets					
(Mostly) Athens Stock Exchange					
Unique Assets	806				
Assets with Investments	321				
Price Data Points	703,303				
Average Return / Period	37.16%				
% Profitable Assets	54.28%				

Customers				
Bank Investors				
Unique Customers	29,090			
Transactions (unique)	388,049 (154,103)			
Acquisitions (unique)	228,913 (89,884)			
Average Return of Customers	22.89%			
% Customers with Profits	54.56%			

Dataset Composition



Name

- asset_information.csv
- 🔊 close_prices.csv
- customer_information.csv
- 🔊 limit_prices.csv
- 🔊 markets.csv
- 💵 questionnaires.csv
- transactions.csv
- README.txt

- Information about the assets (ISIN, Name, etc).
- Contains the daily close prices for every asset in the dataset.
- > Customer (anonymized) identifiers and categorization.
- Asset pricing metadata
- Market metadata
- Questions for the risk MiFiD questionnaire (answers not provided)
- Investment transactions by customers.

FAR-Trans: Assets



• With regard to assets, we provide asset descriptor information and market pricing (closing prices only) as well as where the asset was being traded.

> Note: Pricing data has undergone cleaning – see the paper for more details



markets.csv

FAR-Trans: Customers



• For each customer we provide programmatically assigned categories for those customers as well as their investment history with the bank



customer	informatio	n.csv

Customer categories were provided by the bank, see the README file for definitions of the categories

(Customer ID	ISIN	Transaction ID	Туре	Date	Value (€)	Units	Channel	Market ID
	4961594	GRF000037009	-8365	Buy	02/01/2018	8800	2525.983	Branch	AEDAK
	4961594	GRF000037009	11584908	Sell	05/10/2022	9375	2525.983	Branch	AEDAK
	4961594	GRF000031002	-31645	Buy	02/01/2018	21067	1738.689	Branch	AEDAK
	4961594	GRF000031002	11584904	Sell	05/10/2022	24504	1738.689	Branch	AEDAK
	4961594	GRF000025004	-35710	Buy	02/01/2018	5050	750.107	Branch	AEDAK
	4961594	GRF000025004	11584901	Sell	05/10/2022	87	11.077	Branch	AEDAK
	4961594	GRF000025004	11584898	Sell	05/10/2022	5828	739.03	Branch	AEDAK

transactions.csv

Note: If a customer held assets before the start of our dataset (before 2018) we add synthetic 'buy' transactions at the end of day 1 for those customers, this is to avoid instances of a customer selling an asset that you never saw them purchase



Dataset Analysis

Market Performance







What is Asset Type Distribution?



- The dataset provides fundamental, pricing and transactions for 806 assets
- A mixture of Stocks, Bonds and Mutual Funds



What is Asset Listing Distribution?





- As this is from a European Bank, most of the assets are listed on European Exchanges
- Primarily, in Greece, Luxemburg and Germany, with some U.S. assets (usually big companies)

How does transaction volume vary over time?



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∿-⊛-⊠ Group

What properties do our Transactions have?





Who are our Customers?





- The Bank provides multiple categorizations of the customers
 - \succ This can be from the questionnaire the customer enters when opening the account
 - > ... or based on analysis of their past investments and account activity

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- Categories
 - Customer Type
 - ➢ Risk Profile

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 - Customer Type
 - ➢ Risk Profile
 - Investment Capacity

Recommendation Baselines

Evaluation Guidance



- For any dataset, it is important to provide some guidance on how that dataset should be used
 - \succ ... there are always pit-falls to be aware of
- This dataset was designed to provide a means to evaluate financial asset recommendation systems, both those that are based on profitability prediction and those that personalise based on customer transactions
 - If evaluating profitability prediction, reporting the Rol or Sharpe Ratio for the top-n results is recommended
 - Note: an assumption here is that the user will invest in all top-n assets though!
 - If evaluating recommendation performance, a ranking metric such as nDCG@n can be used here, where an asset is considered a good recommendation if the customer invested in it between the date of prediction and the end of the test period
 - Note: this assumes that the customer is satisfied with the assets they invested in (which is not a good assumption)

... A quick reminder of experimental setup



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Do not evaluate only on a single day, performance will vary greatly across days!

Have Reasonable Expectations



• You should always consider what it is that your model is trying to do, and hence evaluate accordingly – profitability and customer preference do not correlate strongly



Transaction-based evaluation

Profitability-based evaluation

Understand the Limitations



- I said earlier that FAR-Trans is a solution to some of the data gap but it is not a perfect solution!
- Consider the following
 - > There is no dividend or interest payment information provided for the assets
 - There is no voting rights information
 - ➢ It only covers a small number of stocks, and only a 5-year period
 - > There is no information on rates at which money could be borrowed by customers (for leverage)
 - > We cannot tell if customers were satisfied with their investments
 - > We cannot tell why a customer invested in an asset
 - > We don't know how long a customer aims hold an asset for (if they have not sold yet)

As a community, we have a long way to go before we have a really good understanding on how to evaluate financial recommendation systems

... and go beyond 'line-goes-up'





https://researchdata.gla.ac.uk/1658/

Questions?



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